## Figure 23-1

Registry Service	Description of Technical Component	Description of Business Component
from registrars concerning registrations of domain names	The Verisign-operated registry accepts registration information for domain names and name servers from registrars using the IETF EPP as defined in RFCs 3915, 5730 – 5734, and 5910. For more information about EPP please see the response to Question 25, EPP.	All registry systems under Verisign's management use EPP with no security or stability issues. Approximately 915 registrars use the Verisign EPP service, and Verisign, as a company, has handled more than 140 million EPP transactions daily without performance issues.
B. Dissemination of TLD zone files	Verisign disseminates top-level domain (TLD) zone files through its Domain Name System (DNS) resolution infrastructure, which fully complies with all IETF DNS specifications. Verisign ensures updates are processed and distributed rapidly to meet end-user needs. In addition, Verisign, as a company, provides DNS resolution services through its globally distributed constellation of resolution sites, which currently process an average of 60 billion queries per day. Question 35, DNS Service provides details of zone file dissemination.	Any TLD must have the capability to quickly and accurately distribute zone information to a set of globally distributed name servers. In Verisign's experience, end users demand rapid updates of zone information in the DNS. Verisign's system supports this capability in full compliance with applicable RFCs by updating its zone files incrementally every three minutes with a complete zone update every 12 hours.
C. Dissemination of contact and other information concerning domain name registrations (i.e., port-43 WHOIS, Wedb-based Whois, RESTful Whois service)	Verisign uses the Whois service as defined in RFC 3912 to disseminate contact and other information regarding registered data objects. Like all other components of its registry service, Verisign's Whois system is designed and built for both reliability and performance. Its current Whois implementation has answered more than five billion Whois queries per month for the TLDs it manages, and has experienced more than 250,000 queries per minute in peak conditions. Verisign commits to implementing a RESTful Whois service upon finalization of agreements with the IETF. For more information about Whois, please see the response to Question 26, Whois.	The Whois service facilitates the timely resolution of many technical problems, assists investigatory phases of law enforcement, and provides many other legitimate, non-abusive uses of domain name registration meta-data. One of the fastest growing uses for Whois data today is in the automated, analytic engines of Internet reputation services used to prevent spam and combat Internet- based identity crimes such as phishing.

Registry	Description of Technical Component	Description of Business
Service		Component
D. Internationalized domain names (IDNs) <if are<br="" idns="">offered, use this row and then delete the row below. If IDNs are</if>	member of the IETF, which has led the effort to create standards for using non-ASCII	Most domain names are registered in ASCII characters (A to Z, 0 to 9, and the hyphen "-"). However, non-English words that require diacritics, such as Spanish and French, and languages that use non-Latin scripts, such as Kanji and Arabic, cannot be rendered in ASCII. As a result, millions of
the one below.> D. Internationalized domain names	domain names in non-ASCII characters. The development of IDNs requires cooperation and communication among the various organizations and individuals who are	industry standards and supports IDN services that enable Internet users to access websites in their local language characters and help global organizations protect and secure their brands. DNs. If it offers IDNs in the future,
(IDNs) E. DNSSEC	Verisign's registry system supports the registration and resolution of DNSSEC-enabled domain names. Verisign's DNSSEC implementation provides end-to-end authenticity and integrity and helps protect the Internet from certain types of attacks, such as man-in-the-middle and cache poisoning attacks. Verisign has always worked closely with the Internet community in the development of standards and solutions related to topics of Internet security, including DNSSEC. Verisign recognizes that Internet security is constantly evolving, and DNSSEC is one of many measures that are currently underway to enhance security on the Internet. Please see the response to Question 43, DNSSEC, for details of Verisign's approach.	integrity and authenticity of DNS data. Over the years, a number of vulnerabilities have been discovered that threaten the reliability and trustworthiness of the system. DNSSEC addresses these

Figure 231: Registry Services. Each proposed service has been previously approved by ICANN to ensure registry security and stability.

## Figure 23-2

Registry Prior ICANN A	
Service Applicable RFCs Evidence of C	
	Currently implemented on .com; validated by ICANN during 1
	egistry transition to
concerning <b>RFC 5731:</b> EPP Domain Name Mapping delegation pro	cess.
DEC 5722: EDD Contact Manning	emented on net.
Dec 5724: EDD Transport over TCD	Currently implemented on .net; validated by ICANN during 29 June 2005 registry transition to
REC 5910: DNS Security Extensions Mapping June 2005 rog	
servers for the EPP delegation pro	-
	emented on .com;
B. <b>RFC 1034:</b> Domain Names – Concepts and Currently imple Dissemination Facilities validated by IC	,
	egistry transition to
	0,
files and Specification delegation pro	cess.
	emented on .net;
	CANN during 29
	jistry transition to
<b>RFC 1982:</b> Serial Number Arithmetic delegation pro	
RFC 1996: A Mechanism for Prompt	
Notification of Zone Changes	
<b>RFC 2181:</b> Clarifications to the DNS	
Specification	
RFC 2182: Selection and Operation of	
Secondary DNS Servers	
RFC 2308: Negative Caching of DNS Queries	
RFC 2671: Extension Mechanisms for DNS	
RFC 3226: DNSSEC and IPv6 A6 Aware	
Server/Resolver Message Size Requirements	
RFC 3596: DNS Extensions to Support IP	
Version 6	
RFC 3597: Handling of Unknown DNS	
Resource Record Types	
RFC 3671: Collective Attributes in the	
Lightweight Directory Access Protocol	
RFC 3901: DNS IPv6 Transport Operational	
Guidelines	
RFC 4343: Domain Name System Case	
Insensitivity Clarification	
RFC 4472: Operational Considerations and	
Issues with IPv6 DNS	

Registry		Prior ICANN Approval and
Service	Applicable RFCs	Evidence of Compliance
	RFC 5156: Special-Use IPv6 Addresses	•
	RFC 5358: Preventing Use of Recursive	]
	Name Servers in Reflector Attacks	
	RFC 5735: Special Use IPv4 Addresses	1
	RFC 5966: DNS Transport over TCP –	1
	Implementation Requirements	
C.	<b>RFC 3912:</b> Whois Protocol Specification	Currently implemented on .com;
Dissemination		validated by ICANN during 1
of contact and		March 2006 registry transition to
other		delegation process.
information		delegation process.
		Currently implemented on .net;
concerning		validated by ICANN during 29
domain name		June 2005 registry transition to
registrations		
(i.e., Whois		delegation process.
service)		
D. IDNs	<b>RFC 5890:</b> Internationalized Domain Names	Currently implemented on .com;
	for Applications: Definitions and Document	validated by ICANN during 1
<if are<="" idns="" td=""><td>Framework</td><td>March 2006 registry transition to</td></if>	Framework	March 2006 registry transition to
offered, use this	RFC 5891: Internationalized Domain Names ir	delegation process.
row and then	Applications: Protocol	
delete the row	RFC 5892: The Unicode Code Points and	Currently implemented on .net;
below. If IDNs	Internationalized Domain Names for	validated by ICANN during 29
are not offered	Applications	June 2005 registry transition to
delete this	RFC 5893: Right-to-Left Scripts for	delegation process.
row.>	Internationalized Domain Names for	
	Applications	
D. IDNs	At this time, <applicant> does not plan to offer</applicant>	IDNs. If it offers IDNs in the
	future, <applicant> will contact ICANN to initiat</applicant>	
	to gain the applicable approvals to offer IDN se	
E. DNSSEC	<b>RFC 4033:</b> DNS Security Introduction and	ICANN approved the same
	Requirements	service for Verisign's use on
	<b>RFC 4034:</b> Resource Records for the DNS	the .com and .net registries on 6
	Security Extensions	Nov 2009 (RSEP Proposal
	RFC 4035: DNSSEC Protocol Modifications	2009011).
	for the DNS Security Extensions	
	RFC 4509: Use of SHA-256 in DNSSEC	
	Delegation Signer Resource Records	
	RFC 4641: DNSSEC Operational Practices	

Registry Service	Applicable RFCs	Prior ICANN Approval and Evidence of Compliance
	RFC 5155: DNS Security Hashed Authenticated Denial of Existence RFC 5910: Domain Name System Security Extensions Mapping for the Extensible Provisioning Protocol	

**Figure 232: ICANN RFC Compliance.** Verisign currently operates TLDs in full compliance with each registry service's applicable RFC(s). Each listed Verisign service has been previously approved by ICANN and is now operational on registries under Verisign management.

## Figure 23-3

Status	Description	Zone Insertion
ok	The product is in Active state.	Yes
serverHold	The product is set on Hold by the server.	No
serverRenewProhibited	Server-specified Renew is prohibited.	Yes
serverTransferProhibited	Server-specified Transfer is prohibited.	Yes
serverUpdateProhibited	Server-specified Update is prohibited.	Yes
serverDeleteProhibited	Server-specified Delete is prohibited.	Yes
pendingDelete	The product is in Pending Delete state.	No
pendingTransfer	The product is in Pending Transfer state.	Yes
clientHold	The product is set to Hold by the client.	No
clientRenewProhibited	Client-specified Renew is prohibited.	Yes
clientTransferProhibited	Client-specified Transfer is prohibited.	Yes
clientUpdateProhibited	Client-specified Update is prohibited.	Yes
clientDeleteProhibited	Client-specified Delete is prohibited.	Yes
linked	The product is linked to other products.	Yes
pendingRestore	The product is in Pending Restore state.	Yes
redemptionPeriod	The product is in Redemption period.	No

**Figure 233: Zone Server Status Information.** Verisign provisions to registrars status information related to the TLD.