Figure 24-1



Figure 24-1: SRA Architecture. Verisign's SRS is hierarchically designed to meet the forecasted registration volume of the proposed gTLD, and it can be scaled to meet the future registration volume increases.

Figure 24-2



Figure 24-2: Built-in SRS Redundancy. Verisign's SRS system is built upon multiple layers of redundancy to ensure the system remains highly available.

Figure 24-3



Figure 24-3: SRS Network Diagram. Verisign's fully redundant SRS design and geographically separated data centers help ensure service level availability requirements are met.

Figure 24-4



Figure 24-4: Technical Overview. Verisign's SRS provides the registrar-facing component of the system establishing the zone file needed to enable DNS and Whois services.