Figure 26-7: Potential Searchable Whois Forms of Abuse and Mitigation. Verisign leverages its experience supporting the .name registry to build in to the system the safeguards necessary to minimize abusive Whois practices.

Potential Abusive Searchable Whois Risks	Verisign Risk Mitigation
Single Source Data Mining	Access Control Lists (ACL): Implementation of an ACL at the network layer to block the offending IP address for a specified period of time; viable option given a single unique IP address
The mining of Whois data from a single IP address conducted through manual queries	
	Application Rate Limiting: Implementation of rate-limiting at the application layer to regulate the number of queries allowed from the source IP address for a specified period of time; viable option given a single unique IP address
Automated Data Mining Single Source: The mining of Whois	ACL and Application Rate Limiting as defined for single source data mining
data from a single IP address conducted through the use of automated scripts	Packet Inspection: Implementation of tools that analyze the incoming "get" request to determine whether the source is a valid user or whether the request is coming from an automated script
Distributed: The mining of Whois data from multiple sources/IP addresses conducted through the use of automated scripts, or, "botnets"	or botnet; viable option based on "get" request signature
	Completely Automated Public Turing Test To Tell Computers And Humans Apart (CAPTCHA) Techniques: Implementation of a challenge-response test prior to processing the request; viable option that limits ability to predict challenge-response; almost always requires manual interaction